By: Senator(s) Burton, Hall

To: Judiciary

SENATE BILL NO. 2091

AN ACT TO DIRECT STATE AGENCIES TO ASSURE THAT THERE IS NO 1 DISRUPTION OF CRITICAL SERVICES BECAUSE OF THE YEAR 2000 COMPUTER 2 3 CONVERSION PROBLEM AND TO COOPERATE WITH OTHER STATE AGENCIES AND PRIVATE SECTOR OPERATORS AS NECESSARY; TO PRESCRIBE THE DUTIES AND 4 5 RESPONSIBILITIES OF AGENCY HEADS REGARDING TIMELY YEAR 2000 COMPUTER CONVERSION; TO DIRECT THE MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF 6 7 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES TO DEVELOP AGENCY COMPUTER CONVERSION STATUS REPORTS; TO AMEND SECTION 11-46-9, MISSISSIPPI 8 9 CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE IMMUNITY UNDER THE MISSISSIPPI TORT 10 CLAIMS ACT FROM CLAIMS BASED ON CERTAIN COMPUTER FAILURES; AND FOR 11 RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 12 SECTION 1. The Legislature hereby finds and declares that 13 because of a design feature in many electronic systems, a large 14 number of activities in the public and private sectors could be at 15 16 risk beginning in the Year 2000. Some computer systems and other 17 electronic devices will misinterpret the year "00" as 1900, rather than 2000. Unless appropriate action is taken, this flaw, known 18 19 as the Year 2000 conversion problem, hereafter referred to as the 20 "Y2K problem," may cause systems that support critical government functions dependent on electronic systems to compute erroneously 21 or simply not operate. Minimizing the Y2K problem will require a 22 major technological and managerial effort, and it is critical that 23 24 Mississippi government do its part in addressing this challenge. SECTION 2. (1) For purposes of this act, "agency" shall 25 26 mean any state board, commission, council, community college, junior college, university, department or unit thereof created by 27 the Constitution or statutes if such board, commission committee, 28

29 council, university, department, unit or the head thereof is30 authorized to appoint subordinate staff by the Constitution or

31 statute, except a legislative or judicial board, commission, 32 committee, council, department or unit thereof.

33 (2) All agencies shall:

34 (a) Assure that no critical state program experiences35 disruption because of the Y2K problem;

36 (b) Assist and cooperate with other federal, state and
37 local governments to address the Y2K problem where those
38 governments depend on Mississippi information or information
39 technology or where Mississippi government is dependent on those
40 governments to perform critical missions; and

(c) Cooperate with the private sector operators of critical national and local systems, including the banking and financial system, the telecommunications system, the public health system, the transportation system, and the electric power generation system, in addressing the Y2K problem.

46 <u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) The administrative head of each agency 47 shall:

48 (a) Assure that efforts to address the Y2K problem49 receive the highest priority attention in the agency;

50 (b) Monitor progress on agency's mission critical 51 applications and associated interfaces with other government or 52 business entities to assure timely Year 2000 compliance; and

(c) Provide status reports on Year 2000 compliance for
mission critical applications and interfaces as requested by the
Department of Information Technology Services.

56 (2) The Department of Information Technology Services shall
57 develop status reporting procedures and schedules and shall report
58 periodically to the Governor and the Legislature.

59 (3) The appropriate management committees of the Mississippi 60 Legislature and the Administrative Office of Courts under the 61 direction of the Mississippi Supreme Court are fully authorized in 62 their discretion to participate in and cooperate with the 63 activities established under this act.

64 <u>SECTION 4.</u> This act is intended only to improve the internal 65 management of the executive branch of government and does not 66 create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, 67 enforceable at law or equity by a party against the State of

68 Mississippi, its agencies, or instrumentalities, its officers or69 employees, or any other person.

70 SECTION 5. Section 11-46-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 71 amended as follows:

72 11-46-9. (1) A governmental entity and its employees acting 73 within the course and scope of their employment or duties shall 74 not be liable for any claim:

(a) Arising out of a legislative or judicial action or
inaction, or administrative action or inaction of a legislative or
judicial nature;

(b) Arising out of any act or omission of an employee of a governmental entity exercising ordinary care in reliance upon, or in the execution or performance of, or in the failure to execute or perform, a statute, ordinance or regulation, whether or not the statute, ordinance or regulation be valid;

83 (c) Arising out of any act or omission of an employee 84 of a governmental entity engaged in the performance or execution 85 of duties or activities relating to police or fire protection 86 unless the employee acted in reckless disregard of the safety and 87 well-being of any person not engaged in criminal activity at the 88 time of injury;

(d) Based upon the exercise or performance or the failure to exercise or perform a discretionary function or duty on the part of a governmental entity or employee thereof, whether or not the discretion be abused;

93 (e) Arising out of an injury caused by adopting or94 failing to adopt a statute, ordinance or regulation;

95 (f) Which is limited or barred by the provisions of any 96 other law;

97 (g) Arising out of the exercise of discretion in 98 determining whether or not to seek or provide the resources 99 necessary for the purchase of equipment, the construction or 100 maintenance of facilities, the hiring of personnel and, in

101 general, the provision of adequate governmental services;

Arising out of the issuance, denial, suspension or 102 (h) 103 revocation of, or the failure or refusal to issue, deny, suspend 104 or revoke any privilege, ticket, pass, permit, license, 105 certificate, approval, order or similar authorization where the governmental entity or its employee is authorized by law to 106 107 determine whether or not such authorization should be issued, 108 denied, suspended or revoked unless such issuance, denial, suspension or revocation, or failure or refusal thereof, is of a 109 110 malicious or arbitrary and capricious nature;

111 (i) Arising out of the assessment or collection of any 112 tax or fee;

(j) Arising out of the detention of any goods or merchandise by any law enforcement officer, unless such detention is of a malicious or arbitrary and capricious nature;

(k) Arising out of the imposition or establishment of a quarantine, whether such quarantine relates to persons or property;

(1) Of any claimant who is an employee of a governmental entity and whose injury is covered by the Workers' Compensation Law of this state by benefits furnished by the governmental entity by which he is employed;

(m) Of any claimant who at the time the claim arises is an inmate of any detention center, jail, workhouse, penal farm, penitentiary or other such institution, regardless of whether such claimant is or is not an inmate of any detention center, jail, workhouse, penal farm, penitentiary or other such institution when the claim is filed;

(n) Arising out of any work performed by a person
convicted of a crime when the work is performed pursuant to any
sentence or order of any court or pursuant to laws of the State of
Mississippi authorizing or requiring such work;

133 (o) Under circumstances where liability has been or is

134 hereafter assumed by the United States, to the extent of such assumption of liability, including, but not limited to, any claim 135 136 based on activities of the Mississippi National Guard when such claim is cognizable under the National Guard Tort Claims Act of 137 the United States, 32 USC 715 (32 USCS 715), or when such claim 138 accrues as a result of active federal service or state service at 139 140 the call of the Governor for quelling riots and civil 141 disturbances;

Arising out of a plan or design for construction or 142 (p) 143 improvements to public property, including, but not limited to, public buildings, highways, roads, streets, bridges, levees, 144 145 dikes, dams, impoundments, drainage channels, diversion channels, 146 harbors, ports, wharfs or docks, where such plan or design has been approved in advance of the construction or improvement by the 147 legislative body or governing authority of a governmental entity 148 149 or by some other body or administrative agency, exercising 150 discretion by authority to give such approval, and where such plan or design is in conformity with engineering or design standards in 151 152 effect at the time of preparation of the plan or design;

(q) Arising out of an injury caused solely by theeffect of weather conditions on the use of streets and highways;

(r) Arising out of the lack of adequate personnel or facilities at a state hospital or state corrections facility if reasonable use of available appropriations has been made to provide such personnel or facilities;

(s) Arising out of loss, damage or destruction ofproperty of a patient or inmate of a state institution;

161 (t) Arising out of any loss of benefits or compensation 162 due under a program of public assistance or public welfare;

(u) Arising out of or resulting from riots, unlawful assemblies, unlawful public demonstrations, mob violence or civil disturbances;

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(v) Arising out of an injury caused by a dangerous

167 condition on property of the governmental entity that was not 168 caused by the negligent or other wrongful conduct of an employee 169 of the governmental entity or of which the governmental entity did 170 not have notice, either actual or constructive, and adequate 171 opportunity to protect or warn against; provided, however, that a 172 governmental entity shall not be liable for the failure to warn of 173 a dangerous condition which is obvious to one exercising due care;

(w) Arising out of the absence, condition, malfunction or removal by third parties of any sign, signal, warning device, illumination device, guardrail or median barrier, unless the absence, condition, malfunction or removal is not corrected by the governmental entity responsible for its maintenance within a reasonable time after actual or constructive notice; * * *

180 Arising out of the administration of corporal (x) 181 punishment or the taking of any action to maintain control and discipline of students, as defined in Section 37-11-57, by a 182 183 teacher, assistant teacher, principal or assistant principal of a 184 public school district in the state unless the teacher, assistant 185 teacher, principal or assistant principal acted in bad faith or 186 with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting a wanton and 187 willful disregard of human rights or safety; or

188 (y) Any claim arising from the failure of a computer, 189 software program, database, network, information system, firmware 190 or any other device, whether operated by or on behalf of the 191 governmental entity, to interpret, produce, calculate, generate, 192 or account for a date which is compatible with the "Year 2000" 193 date change.

194 (2) A governmental entity shall also not be liable for any195 claim where the governmental entity:

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(a) Is inactive and dormant;

197 (b) Receives no revenue;

198 (c) Has no employees; and

199 (d) Owns no property.

(3) If a governmental entity exempt from liability by subsection (2) becomes active, receives income, hires employees or acquires any property, such governmental entity shall no longer be exempt from liability as provided in subsection (2) and shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter.

205 SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from 206 and after its passage.